

Questions

1 How many visible manufacturer's logos are allowed to be worn on jerseys and undershirts? **(Rule Ref:3-4-2a, 3-5-6)**

Single Answer	a) One on each.	b) One on the undershirt, but none on the jersey.	c) None on the undershirt, but only one on the jersey.	d) None on either.
----------------------	-----------------	---	--	--------------------

2 B3 commits a common foul on A3. It is team B's fifth foul but the scorer fails to recognize it and the ball is awarded to Team A. A quick basket is scored by team A and the scorer then sounds the horn to notify the officials of the error. **(Rule Ref:2-10-1a, 2-10-2, 2-10-5, 2-10-6)**

Single Answer	a) It is too late to correct the error.	b) Alternating-possession arrow after the free throws.	c) Play will resume with the result of the bonus free throws awarded to A3.	d) Award A3 two free throws with no players on the free-throw lane and the basket counts. Award team B the ball for a throw-in.
----------------------	---	--	---	---

3 A1 jumps for a try for goal, and defender B2 knocks the ball out of A1's hands prior to A1 releasing the shot. A1 controls the loose ball while in the air, returns to the floor in possession of the ball, and begins a dribble. What is the result? **(Rule Ref:4-12-1, 9-5-3, 9.5.1)**

Single Answer	a) Jump ball.	b) Traveling violation.	c) Double dribble violation.	d) Legal; play continues.
----------------------	---------------	-------------------------	------------------------------	---------------------------

4 A technical foul on a team's athletic trainer: **(Rule Ref:10-5-1, 10-5 Penalty)**

Single Answer	a) Also results in an ejection of the head coach.	b) Also results in a direct technical foul to the head coach.	c) Also results in an indirect technical foul to the head coach.	d) Can never be ruled on a team's athletic trainer.
----------------------	---	---	--	---

5 A defensive player is allowed to do which of the following to an opponent setting a screen? **(Rule Ref:4-24-4)**

Single Answer	a) Push the screener to get around.	b) Hold a screener.	c) Reroute a screener.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	-------------------------------------	---------------------	------------------------	-----------------------

6 While A1 is dribbling near the 28-foot mark outside the three-point line, B3 is guilty of a holding foul for impeding the movement of cutting A3 near the free-throw lane line opposite of where A1 is dribbling. Where is the ensuing throw-in? **(Rule Ref:7-4-6, 7-5-4)**

Single Answer	a) Nearest to the spot where A1 was dribbling along the sideline.	b) On the end line nearest where A3 was fouled.	c) On the end line at the three-foot mark nearest where A3 was fouled.	d) On the sideline nearest where A3 was fouled.
----------------------	---	---	--	---

7 The official bounces the ball to A1 who has two free throws coming. The ball hits A1's leg and bounces away, and while the ball remains in the free-throw semicircle B3 requests a timeout. **(Rule Ref:5-8-3b, 6-1-2c)**

Single Answer	a) Ignore the request and return the ball to A1.	b) The timeout request is granted but not until after A1's first free throw.	c) Grant B3's request for a timeout at that point.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	--	--	--	-----------------------

8 Just after the opening tip, it is discovered that three team A starters are wearing different numbers on their jerseys than the numbers indicated in the scorebook. What is the penalty? **(Rule Ref:3-2-2c, 4-19-13, 10-1-2c Pen.)**

Single Answer	a) No technical fouls are charged.	b) Team A is charged with three direct technical fouls.	c) All three team A starters are given a technical foul.	d) Team A is charged with one administrative technical foul and the numbers in book shall be corrected.
----------------------	------------------------------------	---	--	---

9 A1 is dribbling the ball in the backcourt opposite the scorer's table near the division line. B2 establishes legal guarding position while defending A1, who lowers his shoulder and knocks B2 to the floor. A charging foul is ruled on A1. It is the sixth foul of the first period against team A. How is play resumed? **(Rule Ref:7-4-3, 7-5-4)**

Single Answer	a) Team B is in the bonus, so B1 goes to the free-throw line for a one-and-one bonus.	b) Team B is in the bonus, so B1 is awarded two free throws.	c) Team B is awarded a frontcourt designated-spot throw-in at the 28-foot mark opposite the scorer's table.	d) Team B is awarded a frontcourt designated-spot throw-in on the sideline nearest the spot of the foul.
----------------------	---	--	---	--

10 A1 has the ball for a throw-in. The throw-in pass deflects off A2. As A2 and B2 are attempting to retrieve the loose throw-in pass, A2 illegally pushes B2 from behind and is ruled for a common foul. Team B is in the bonus. **(Rule Ref:4-12-1, 4-12-2)**

Single Answer	a) B2 should be ruled for a foul.	b) B2 will shoot bonus free throws since team A never possessed the ball inbounds.	c) A team-control foul has been committed. Team B is awarded a throw-in spot closest to where the foul occurred.	d) There is no foul on the play.
----------------------	-----------------------------------	--	--	----------------------------------

11 Multiple team A members on the bench refuse to sit during a live ball. Which of the following is/are true? **(Rule Ref:4-19-13, 10-5-4 Pen., 10.5.4 Situation B)**

Single Answer	a) A single technical foul is charged.	b) An indirect technical foul is charged to the head coach.	c) A technical foul is charged to each offender.	d) Both a and b.
----------------------	--	---	--	------------------

Questions

12	When is it permissible for a player who has blood on his or her uniform to remain in the game while blood exists on that uniform? (Rule Ref:3-3-7)			
Single Answer	a) When an official determines the blood has not saturated the uniform.	b) When medical personnel determine the blood has not saturated the uniform.	c) Never. If the uniform has any amount of blood on it, it shall not be worn.	d) None of the above.
13	While in the backcourt, A1 dribbles for eight seconds and passes to A3 who continues to advance the ball to frontcourt. A3 reaches the division line with one foot in the backcourt and one in frontcourt as the count reaches 10. (Rule Ref:4-4-6, 9-8)			
Single Answer	a) Saved by the bell, no violation and game continues.	b) As long as team A requests a timeout before the official blows the whistle the 10-second violation should be ignored.	c) Ten-second violation on team A since one foot still in the backcourt.	d) A traveling violation should be ruled.
14	Team A requests a 60-second timeout, which is granted by the official. After 30 seconds have passed, team A is ready to play. Team B wants to use the entire timeout. Can the length of the timeout be shortened? (Rule Ref:5-11-2)			
Single Answer	a) Yes, if the team A is ready to play. Team B will not be able to use the entire timeout.	b) Yes, team A must declare before the timeout it only would like to use 30 seconds.	c) No, team B can use 90 seconds if they would like.	d) No, team B is entitled to use the entire timeout.
15	These guarding/contact principles dictate the legality of the various situations: (Rule Ref:4-23-1)			
Single Answer	a) A player must maintain a set position when attempting to take a charge.	b) After obtaining an initial legal position, the guard must continue to face the opponent to maintain legal position.	c) Extending an arm, shoulder, hip or leg in the path of an opponent is not considered legal if contact occurs with that opponent.	d) Both feet must always remain on the floor in order to take a charge after obtaining initial legal guarding position.
16	A home-team photographer is standing five feet from the end line along the wall within the free-throw lane lines extended. Is this allowed? (Rule Ref:1-20)			
Single Answer	a) Yes, a photographer may stand in that area provided they are more than three feet from the end line.	b) No, a photographer may not stand in that area. However, there is no penalty. Work to have the photographer moved to an area outside of the free-throw lane lines.	c) No, a photographer may not stand in that area and a team technical foul should be assessed to the home team.	d) No, a photographer may not stand in that area and an administrative technical foul should be assessed to the home team.
17	Which of these results in a violation by team A during A1's designated-spot throw-in? (Rule Ref: 9-9-3, 9.9.1 Sit G)			
Single Answer	a) A2, who is in team A's frontcourt, deflects the ball from the frontcourt to the backcourt, and then goes to the backcourt to gain control of the ball.	b) A2 leaps from team A's frontcourt, catches the ball, and lands with both feet in team A's backcourt.	c) A2 leaps from team A's frontcourt, catches the ball, lands with one foot in team A's frontcourt, and then A2's second foot lands in team A's backcourt.	d) No violation as all are legal plays.
18	Which of the following results in a traveling violation? (Rule Ref:4-44-2)			
Single Answer	a) A1 ends a dribble with both feet off the playing court and lands simultaneously on both feet, then steps with one foot.	b) A1 ends a dribble with both feet off the playing court, lands on one foot, then jumps and lands on both feet simultaneously, then shoots the ball.	c) A1 ends a dribble with both feet off the playing court, lands on one foot, then jumps and lands on both feet simultaneously, then steps with one foot.	d) A1 ends a dribble with both feet off the playing court, lands on one foot, then jumps and lands on both feet simultaneously, then lifts one foot.
19	A player who has been withdrawn may re-enter during the next opportunity to substitute: (Rule Ref:3-3-4)			
Single Answer	a) After the clock has properly started following his or her replacement.	b) When the opponents have committed a violation or foul before the game clock has been properly started.	c) When an official's or scorer's error occurs in reporting/recording a foul which results in a player being replaced.	d) All of the above.
20	Which of these technical fouls cause a direct technical foul to be charged to the team's head coach? (Rule Ref:10-6-2, 10-6 Pen.)			
Single Answer	a) The head coach failing to replace a disqualified player within 15 seconds.	b) The assistant coach disrespectfully addressing an official.	c) Bench personnel being assessed a technical foul.	d) None.
21	A1 has the ball for the first of two free throws. While bouncing the ball, the ball bounces off A1's foot and rolls away toward the basket. All of the following are true, except which? (Rule Ref:9-1-3a, 9-1-3e)			
Single Answer	a) The official shall blow the whistle immediately.	b) A1 cannot go retrieve the basketball.	c) The official shall re-administer the free throw to A1.	d) The result is a free-throw violation on A1.

Questions

22 A5 makes a nice move and scores a two-point goal. Thinking that a foul should have been ruled, A5 complains loudly and is assessed a technical foul. While the official reports the technical foul on A5, team A's coach is whistled for a technical foul. How many free throws does team B shoot and where is the ball put into play after shooting the free throws? (**Rule Ref:7-5-6a, 10-4-6a, 10-4 Pen., 10-5-1a, 10-5 Pen. 1a**)

Single Answer	a) Two free throws and a throw-in along the end line.	b) Four free throws for team B and a designated-spot throw-in at the division line opposite the table for team B.	c) Four free throws for team B followed by a non-designated spot throw-in along the end line for team B.	d) Four free throws and the ball put in at the point of interruption.
----------------------	---	---	--	---

23 When does a team first shoot bonus free throws? (**Rule Ref:4-8-1**)

Single Answer	a) Upon the fifth team foul of the quarter.	b) Upon the fifth team foul of the half.	c) Upon the seventh team foul of the quarter.	d) Upon the seventh team foul of the half.
----------------------	---	--	---	--

24 A1 passes the ball to A2, who is running down the court. A2 touches and immediately fumbles the ball in the air and takes several steps while fumbling the ball before finally securing the ball. Which of the following is true? (**Rule Ref:7-6-6**)

Single Answer	a) This results in a traveling violation.	b) A2 may not dribble the ball after securing it.	c) A2 does not have a pivot foot after securing the ball.	d) The play is legal and A2 may pivot, dribble, pass or shoot.
----------------------	---	---	---	--

25 When a throw-in is awarded to the wrong team, when is the latest point in which the mistake can be corrected? (**Rule Ref:7-6-6**)

Single Answer	a) The mistake cannot be corrected.	b) Before the throw-in begins.	c) Before the throw-in ends.	d) Before the first dead ball after the ball becomes live, unless there is a change in possession.
----------------------	-------------------------------------	--------------------------------	------------------------------	--

26 Prior to the start of the game team A is assessed a technical foul for failing to have the roster, including starters, in the scorebook before the 10-minute mark of warmups. That technical foul is classified as: (**Rule Ref:10-1-1**)

Single Answer	a) A team technical foul. Loss of a coaching box.	b) An administrative technical foul. No loss of a coaching box.	c) A team technical foul. No loss of a coaching box.	d) An administrative technical foul. Loss of a coaching box.
----------------------	---	---	--	--

27 Team A's head coach is engaging in inappropriate behavior by repeatedly attempting to influence the decisions of the officiating crew and objecting to the crew's decisions by rising from the bench and using gestures. The coach's behavior has not risen to the level of requiring a technical foul. How should the officials address this situation? (**Rule Ref:4-48, 10-5-1b, 10-5-1e**)

Single Answer	a) A direct technical foul should be issued to team A's head coach.	b) An indirect technical foul should be issued to team A's coach.	c) Given this is the first minor offense, the officials should verbally warn team A's coach. Any second minor infraction should lead to the formal administrative warning being issued and recorded.	d) The official should stop play to have the scorer record a bench-conduct warning in the scorebook and then notify team A's head coach that he or she has been warned.
----------------------	---	---	--	---

28 Team A has a designated-spot throw-in. Before the throw-in begins, team B requests a timeout. After the two teams return to the floor following the conclusion of the timeout, the trail official administers the throw-in to B1. The officials notice their mistake after B2 catches the inbound pass and starts to dribble toward the team B basket. (**Rule Ref:7-6-6**)

Single Answer	a) The officials should stop play and award a throw-in to team A.	b) Because the throw-in has ended, the timeframe for correcting this officiating mistake has passed.	c) The officials should stop play and award a throw-in based on the alternating-possession arrow.	d) The officials should stop play and assess a technical foul to team B for making a throw-in when it was not supposed to have possession of the ball.
----------------------	---	--	---	--

29 While A1's try is in flight, A2 and B2 are called for a double foul. All of the following are true, except which? (**Rule Ref:4-36-1, 7-5-3, 7-5-7**)

Single Answer	a) If A1's try is successful, it shall count.	b) Regardless whether A1's try is successful or not, play is resumed with an alternating-possession throw-in.	c) No free throws shall be shot.	d) The throw-in shall be on the endline.
----------------------	---	---	----------------------------------	--

30 A1 is awarded two free throws, substitutes A30 and B40 are at the table ready to enter, and team B is granted a timeout prior to A1's first free throw. When shall A30 and B40 enter the game? (**Rule Ref:3-3-1a**)

Single Answer	a) Both can enter before the first free-throw attempt given there was a timeout.	b) Only B40 can enter before the first free-throw attempt since team B was granted the timeout.	c) After A1's second free throw, if successful.	d) After A1's first free throw.
----------------------	--	---	---	---------------------------------

31 A1 has a throw-in along the end line. A1 throws the ball inbounds, but no player touches the ball. A1 runs after the ball and is the first to touch it near the division line. What is the result? (**Rule Ref:9-2-6, 9-2 Pen.**)

Questions

Single Answer	a) Throw-in violation by A1. End line throw-in for team B.	b) No violation. Play shall resume uninterrupted.	c) Team B receives a throw-in nearest the spot where A1 touched the ball at the division line.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	--	---	--	-----------------------

32 Any of the following patches may be worn between the base of the front neckline and shoulder seam of the jersey, except which? (**Rule Ref:3-4-2**)

Single Answer	a) American flag.	b) State flag.	c) Commemorative patch.	d) Memorial patch.
----------------------	-------------------	----------------	-------------------------	--------------------

33 What is the result if team A's throw-in lodges between the basket and the backboard? (**Rule Ref:9-2-8**)

Single Answer	a) No violation. The alternating-possession arrow determines which team gets the ensuing throw-in.	b) Team A has committed a throw-in violation and the ensuing throw-in is awarded to team B.	c) Team A has committed a throw-in violation and the ensuing throw-in is awarded based on the alternating-possession arrow.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	--	---	---	-----------------------

34 After A1 releases the try on a free throw, but before the ball touches the ring or flange, B2, who was in a marked lane space, enters the lane, then crosses the free-throw line and enters the semicircle. B2 does not make contact with A1. What is the result? (**Rule Ref:9-1-3h**)

Single Answer	a) No penalty. Play on.	b) Violation on B2.	c) Technical foul on B2.	d) Personal foul on B2.
----------------------	-------------------------	---------------------	--------------------------	-------------------------

35 Team A is issued a technical foul for an excessive timeout. How is play resumed? (**Rule Ref:10-2-3, 10-2 Pen.**)

Single Answer	a) Team A is not granted a timeout.	b) Team A is awarded a timeout and assessed a technical foul for the excessive timeout.	c) Team B shoots two free throws and play is resumed with a throw-in for team B at the opposite division line.	d) Both b and c.
----------------------	-------------------------------------	---	--	------------------

36 All of the following are ruled as correctable errors, except: (**Rule Ref:2-10-1**)

Single Answer	a) Failure to award a merited free throw; and, permitting a wrong player to attempt a free throw.	b) Erroneously awarding the ball to the wrong team for a throw-in; and, making a field goal in the wrong basket.	c) Attempting a free throw at the wrong basket; and, erroneously counting or canceling a score.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	---	--	---	-----------------------

37 If an official erroneously cancels a goal in the first quarter, when is the last available time in which the error can be corrected? (**Rule Ref:2-10-1e, 2-10-3**)

Single Answer	a) Before the second quarter begins.	b) Before the second half begins.	c) Before the referee approves the final score at the end of the game.	d) Before the second live ball after the error occurs.
----------------------	--------------------------------------	-----------------------------------	--	--

38 In which of these situations may A5 be ruled for a three-second violation while A5 is standing in the free-throw lane in his or her frontcourt? (**Rule Ref:4-12-4, 4-12-6, 9-7-1**)

Single Answer	a) During a throw-in by A1.	b) When A1 has possession of the ball in team A's frontcourt; while the ball is loose following A1's interrupted dribble.	c) When A1 has possession of the ball in team A's backcourt.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	-----------------------------	---	--	-----------------------

39 On a screening play, when both players are moving in the same path and direction who is responsible for the contact? (**Rule Ref:4-40-6**)

Single Answer	a) The player behind.	b) The player in front.	c) The first player to stop.	d) The player moving the slowest.
----------------------	-----------------------	-------------------------	------------------------------	-----------------------------------

40 A1 releases a try attempt near the basket. B2 jumps and swing an arm, making a legitimate attempt to block the try. B2 misses the ball and makes contact with the backboard while the ball is above the cylinder. What is the appropriate ruling? (**Rule Ref:4-6-1 Exception, 4-6-1, 4-6-2**)

Single Answer	a) This is basket interference by B2.	b) This is goaltending by B2.	c) This is a player technical foul on B2.	d) This is a legal play.
----------------------	---------------------------------------	-------------------------------	---	--------------------------

41 Which are true of coaching boxes? (**Rule Ref:1-13-2 Note**)

Single Answer	a) They are a maximum of 14 feet in length.	b) They are a maximum of 28 feet in length.	c) They are only allowed for sub-varsity games.	d) None of the above.
----------------------	---	---	---	-----------------------

42 A1 releases a successful three-point attempt while airborne. Before either foot returns to the floor, A1 crashes into B2, who has legally established a guarding position. Team B is in the bonus. (**Rule Ref:4-1-1, 4-19-6, 5-1-2 10-7 Pen 1b**)

Single Answer	a) The basket counts if the ball goes in.	b) A1 has committed a player-control foul and the basket is canceled.	c) The contact by A1 is ignored.	d) B2 has committed a blocking foul and the basket shall count awarding one free throw for A1.
----------------------	---	---	----------------------------------	--

Questions

43 No timeout is charged in which of the following? **(Rule Ref:3-3-7, 3-3-7 Notes, 5-8-4, 5-11-4 Exc. B)**

Single Answer	a) A bleeding player is able to resolve the blood situation during a 20-second time period.	b) When a timeout is specifically requested to rectify a correctable error and that error is rectified.	c) When a timeout is specifically requested to rectify a timing error and that error is not rectified.	d) When a timeout is specifically requested to rectify a correctable error and that error is not rectified.
----------------------	---	---	--	---

44 Which of the following is true of pregame dunking? **(Rule Ref:4-19-5e, 10-2-7, 10-5-1i)**

Single Answer	a) When the ball is dead (including during warmups, timeouts and intermissions), and a team member dunks, stuffs, drives, forces, pushes or attempts to force the ball through the basket with the hand(s), a technical foul shall result.	b) The officials shall sound their whistle upon entering the court for the pregame to inform the players dunking is no longer allowed.	c) Both teams should be warned for their first occurrence of dunking and then a technical foul shall result on any of the following dunks.	d) All of the above.
----------------------	--	--	--	----------------------

45 Which of these pivot foot movements result in a traveling violation? **(Rule Ref:4-44-1, 4-44-3a, 4-44-3c)**

Single Answer	a) The pivot foot is established, lifted and the player shoots the ball.	b) The pivot foot is established, lifted and the player passes the ball.	c) The pivot foot is established, lifted and the player begins a dribble.	d) The player catches the ball with both feet on the floor and then uses either foot as the pivot foot.
----------------------	--	--	---	---

46 To which team and where is the throw-in that follows a double technical foul that occurs while team A has control of the ball? **(Rule Ref:4-19-8b, 4-36-2, 7-5-3, Rule 10 Penalty Summary)**

Single Answer	a) Team A at the division line.	b) Team A at the point of interruption nearest the spot of the double technical foul.	c) Team A at the point of interruption nearest the spot where the ball was located.	d) To the team with the alternating-possession arrow nearest the point of interruption at the spot of the double technical foul.
----------------------	---------------------------------	---	---	--

47 Which is true of the color of the team's shorts? **(Rule Ref:3-4-5)**

Single Answer	a) A perceptible majority of the game shorts must be the color of the neutral zone of the jersey.	b) The game shorts must be the same color as the torso of the jersey.	c) The shorts may be any color, so long as they are like-colored for every team member.	d) The shorts may be white, black, beige or the color of the torso of the jersey.
----------------------	---	---	---	---

48 Team B's coach is standing and giving instructions to his or her players out of bounds in front of the edge of the scorer's table and is two steps beyond the 28-foot mark toward the division line. Is this allowed? **(Rule Ref:1-13-2)**

Single Answer	a) Team B's coach is not allowed to be outside the 14-foot coaching box. Issue an administrative warning for a first offense and a direct technical foul for a second offense.	b) Team B's coach is not allowed to be outside the 14-foot coaching box. Issue a direct technical foul for a first offense.	c) Team B's coach is not allowed to be outside the 28-foot coaching box. Issue an administrative warning for a first offense and a direct technical foul for a second offense.	d) There is no penalty. Team B's coach is legally within the 28-foot coaching box.
----------------------	--	---	--	--

49 A double personal foul is ruled in the frontcourt near the sideline while A1's try for goal is in flight. The try is successful. Team A has the possession arrow. Where is the resulting throw-in and by which team? **(Rule Ref:4-36-2c, 7-5-3)**

Single Answer	a) A designated-spot throw-in for team A.	b) A designated-spot throw-in for team B.	c) A non-designated spot throw-in along the end line by team A.	d) A non-designated spot throw-in along the end line by team B.
----------------------	---	---	---	---

50 Team A is wearing green jerseys with silver trim. What color undershirts may be worn by team A players? **(Rule Ref:3-5-6)**

Single Answer	a) Green.	b) Silver.	c) Black.	d) Either green or black, as long as all teammates are wearing the same color.
----------------------	-----------	------------	-----------	--

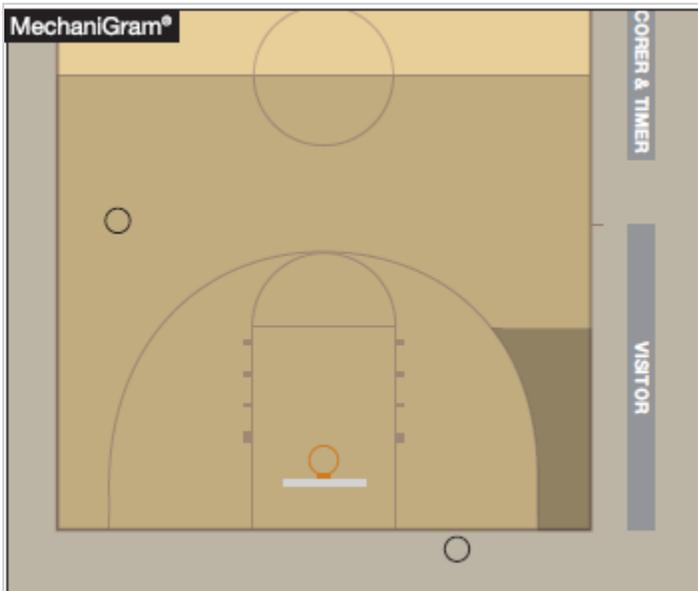
51 Which of the following is true of a flagrant foul? **(Rule Ref:4-19-4)**

Single Answer	a) It may be personal or technical; It is possible to have a non-contact flagrant technical foul.	b) It is possible to have a contact flagrant personal foul; It is possible to have a contact flagrant technical foul.	c) It is possible to have a non-contact flagrant personal foul.	d) Both a and b.
----------------------	---	---	---	------------------

52 A1 steps out of bounds along the endline to avoid a defender and then steps back inbounds and immediately receives a pass from A2. Which of the following is the result? **(Rule Ref:9-3-3, 9-3 Penalty)**

Single Answer	a) No penalty. Continue play uninterrupted.	b) A1 shall be assessed a technical foul.	c) A1 has committed a violation.
----------------------	---	---	----------------------------------

58

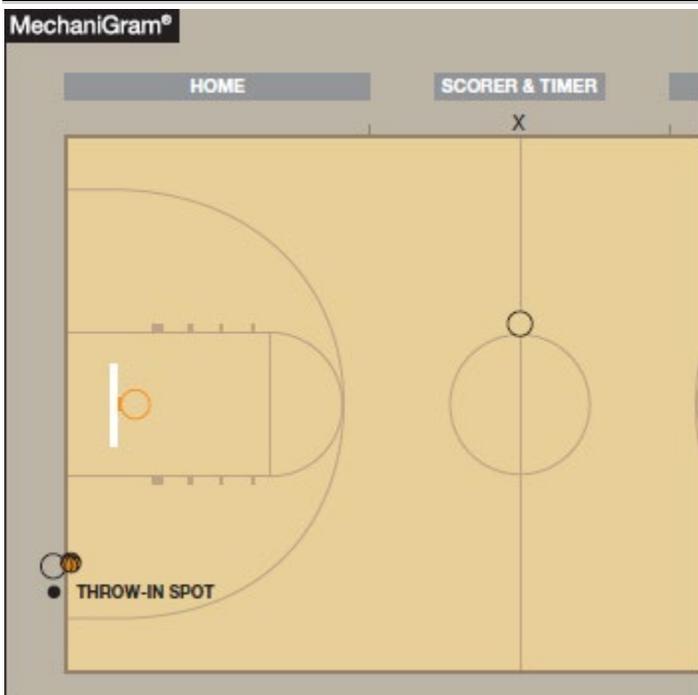


When should the lead mark an attempted three-point shot? (Rule Ref:OM p. 66)

Single Answer

a) The trail should mark every three-point attempt.	b) The lead should only mark an attempted three-point shot when the trail does not mark it first.	c) The lead should mark any attempted three-point shots from above the free-throw line extended on the lead's side of the floor.	d) The lead should mark any attempted three-point shot below the free-throw line extended on the lead's side of the floor.
---	---	--	--

59



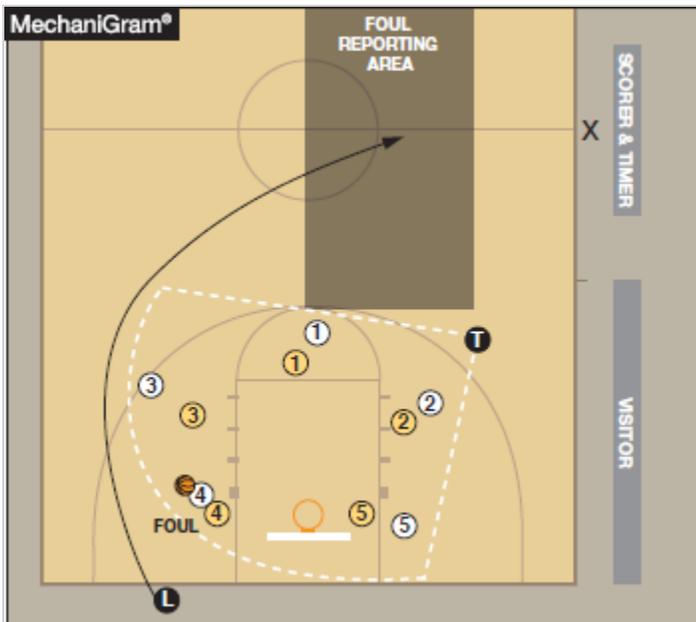
Where should the non-administering official stand during a 30-second timeout? (Rule Ref:OM p. 38)

Single Answer

a) Top of the three-point arc.	b) Opposite the table at the block.	c) At the intersection of the division line and the center-restraining circle tableside.	d) At the intersection of the division line and the center-restraining circle opposite the table.
--------------------------------	-------------------------------------	--	---

Questions

60



After completing the proper sequence when making a foul ruling at the spot the ruling official should: **(Rule Ref:OM p. 78)**

Single Answer

a) Immediately depart the area where the foul occurred and get to the foul reporting area as quickly as possible.	b) Move to the reporting area while completing the proper sequence.	c) Stand in area where the foul occurred while completing the proper preliminary signaling sequence and momentarily pause and hold after to ensure the dead-ball action is OK prior to departing the area to report the foul.	d) All of the above.
---	---	---	----------------------

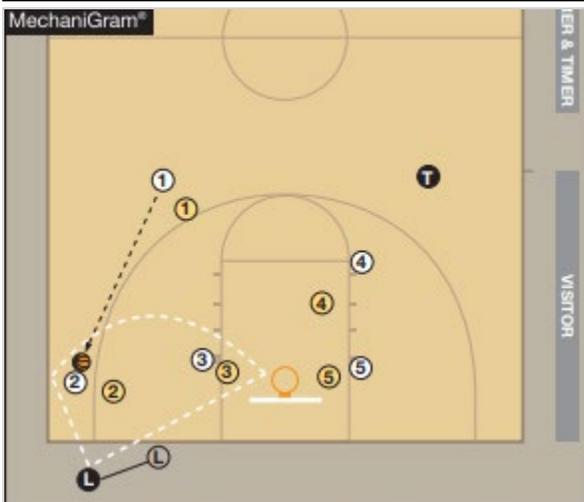
61

When is it acceptable for the lead to pause short of the end line? **(Rule Ref:OM p. 67)**

Single Answer

a) Anytime it is necessary to backtrack.	b) On quick-transition plays that the trail may not be able to officiate.	c) Only when there are less than five players in the frontcourt.	d) None of the above.
--	---	--	-----------------------

62

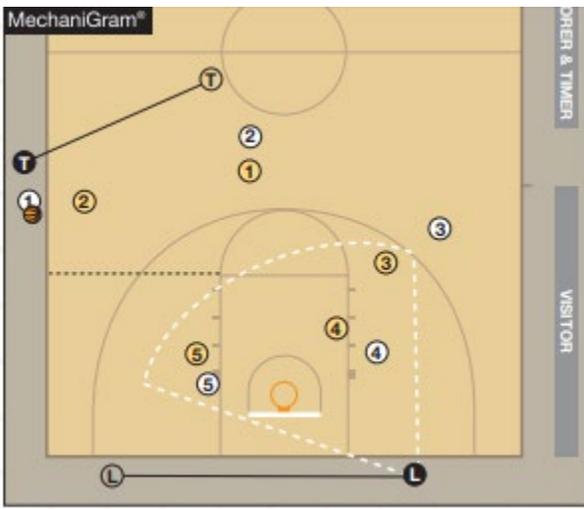


When the ball drops below the free-throw line extended on the lead side of the court, near the three-point line, the lead: **(Rule Ref:OM p. 54)**

Single Answer

a) Moves to the close-down position.	b) Moves onto the court.	c) Rotates over to the other side.	d) Backs off the end line and moves toward the sideline.
--------------------------------------	--------------------------	------------------------------------	--

63

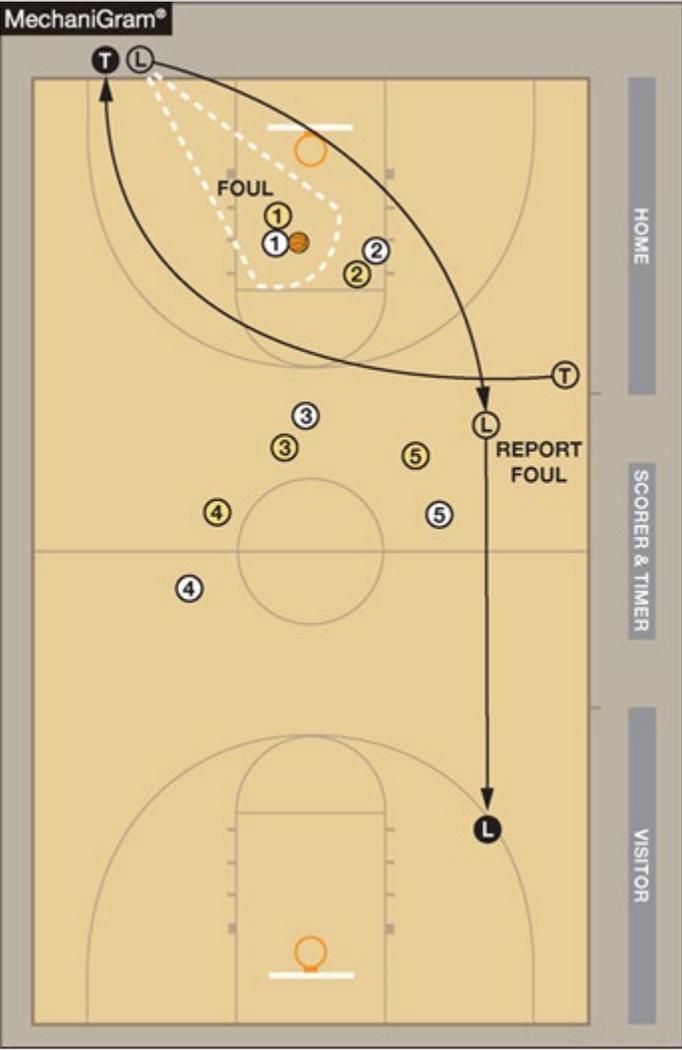


In a crew of 2, the lead administers all the following throw-in situations except: (Rule Ref:OM p. 74)

Single Answer

a) When the ball goes out of bounds on the frontcourt end line.	b) When the ball goes out of bounds in the frontcourt on the trail's side of the court below the free-throw line.	c) When the ball goes out of bounds on the backcourt end line.	d) When the ball goes out of bounds in the frontcourt on the lead's side of the court below the free-throw line.
---	---	--	--

64



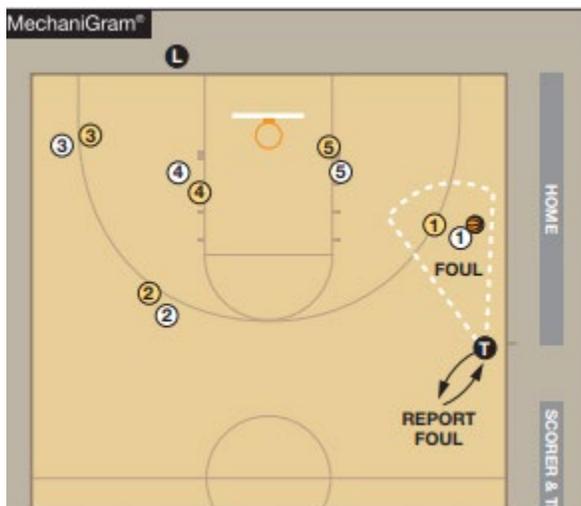
The lead rules a rebounding foul on team A that will not result in free throws. The ball will be inbounded by team B and move down the court. Do the officials switch positions? (Rule Ref:OM p. 82)

Single Answer

a) The lead will report the foul and put the ball back in play as quickly as possible.	b) Yes. Even though it is considered a long-switch situation, the lead and trail will switch.	c) No. Long switches never occur in two-person officiating.	d) Both a and c.
--	---	---	------------------

Questions

65



On a foul ruled by the tableside trail that results in bonus free throws for A1, which position on the court will that official now assume?
(Rule Ref:OM p. 81)

Single Answer

a) Lead tableside.	b) Lead opposite.	c) Trail.	d) Both a and b are acceptable.
--------------------	-------------------	-----------	---------------------------------

66

A1 is in the frontcourt and attempts a two-point try. During the attempt, A3 and B4 are ruled for a double foul in the area near the key by team A's basket. How is play resumed and is the shot clock reset?

Single Answer

a) The double foul causes the ball to be dead.	b) The shot clock shall be reset if the shot contacts the ring.	c) Two points shall be awarded to team A if the try is successful.	d) Both b and c.
--	---	--	------------------

67

With 15 seconds on the shot clock, A1's try for goal is an air ball, and team A recovers the ball.

Single Answer

a) Play continues.	b) The shot clock will not be reset.	c) The shot clock will be reset.	d) Both a and b.
--------------------	--------------------------------------	----------------------------------	------------------

68

The shot clock periods for boys and girls play in California are:

Single Answer

a) 35 seconds for girls and 30 seconds for boys.	b) 30 seconds for girls and 35 seconds for boys.	c) 30 seconds for both.	d) 35 seconds for both.
--	--	-------------------------	-------------------------

69

During the game, one of the shot clocks stops working. What are the options?

Single Answer

a) Turn off the shot clock and play without a shot clock.	b) Play the game with the one shot clock.	c) Turn off the shot clock and play with an alternate-timing device at the table.	d) Play the game with one shot clock and have teams change directions each quarter.
---	---	---	---

70

Before the game, both coaches approach the officials and ask to play the game without a shot clock. What are the options?

Single Answer

a) Agree to the coaches' request and play the game without a shot clock.	b) Inform the coaches you must start the game with a shot clock but can discontinue the use of the shot clock after the first dead ball.	c) Give both coaches a technical foul for unsporting conduct.	d) Refuse the coaches' request and insist that a shot clock must be used.
--	--	---	---

71

A1 shoots the ball and it lodges between the basket and backboard. The alternating-possession arrow points to team A. What is the call?

Single Answer

a) The ball is awarded to team A for a throw-in, no shot-clock reset.	b) The ball is awarded to team A for a throw-in, full shot-clock reset.	c) Play is resumed at the point of interruption, no shot-clock reset.	d) Play is resumed at the point of interruption, reset the shot clock.
---	---	---	--

72

Team B's head coach is assessed a technical foul for berating an official. Team A has the ball in its frontcourt and the shot clock shows 23 seconds. Where is the resulting throw-in after the free throws for the technical foul? Shall the shot clock be reset?

Single Answer

a) Play shall be resumed with a throw-in at half court after all technical fouls.	b) Play shall be resumed at the point of interruption nearest to where the ball was located when the technical foul was ruled.	c) The shot clock shall be reset.	d) Both a and c.
---	--	-----------------------------------	------------------

73

With 10 seconds on the shot clock, A1 attempts a pass to A2. B1 extends a leg to deflect the pass and the ball hits B1's thigh.

Single Answer

a) A kicked-ball violation is ruled. Reset shot clock to 15 seconds.	b) A kicking violation is ruled and the shot clock is fully reset.	c) No violation, play continues.	d) None of the above.
--	--	----------------------------------	-----------------------

Questions

74 The fourth quarter begins with team A leading by 40 points. Team B has not used any of its timeouts. Team A commits multiple turnovers to start the fourth quarter while Team B goes on a three-point shooting tear, and with prudent use of its timeouts, Team B cuts Team A's lead to 10 points with three minutes remaining in the game. Does the game clock continue to run in accordance with the 40-point "Mercy Rule"?

Single Answer	a) No. Since the game has become competitive, the Mercy Rule is set aside.	b) Yes. But if the game goes to overtime, normal timing rules will apply.	c) Yes. Once the 40-point margin is reached, the game clock runs for the duration of the game, regardless of the score.	d) By mutual agreement of both head coaches and the referee, the rule may be set aside.
----------------------	--	---	---	---

75 A2 and B2 foul each other at the same time while A1 is holding the ball in the backcourt. How is play resumed?

Single Answer	a) Play is resumed at the point of interruption, reset the shot clock.	b) Play is resumed at the point of interruption, no shot-clock reset.	c) Play is resumed with the alternating-possession arrow, reset the shot clock.	d) Play is resumed with the alternating-possession arrow, no shot-clock reset.
----------------------	--	---	---	--